Fentanyl Patch 4 Patch Initiative¹²

- Fentanyl patch return program
- Endorsed by Ontario Association of Chiefs of Police
- Program developed with input from key partners:
 - Ontario College of Physicians and Surgeons
 - Ontario Medical Association
 - Ontario College of Pharmacists
 - Ontario Pharmacists Association
 - Ministry of Health and Long-term Care





Bill 33 – 'An Act to reduce the abuse of fentanyl patches' 10

- Private Member's Bill 33 Victor Fideli, MPP (Nipissing)
 - North Bay first community coalition to collaborate and implement a fentanyl patch return program
 - Bill enacts the **Safeguarding our Communities Act** (Fentanyl Patch for Patch Return Policy) 2014⁸
 - Sets out rules for prescribing and dispensing fentanyl patches
 - Provides that a contravention of any requirements set out would constitute an act of professional misconduct
 - Outlines authorities for the Lieutenant Governor in Council regarding regulations, including those related to record-keeping by prescribers and dispensers

Impact of legislation

- Ontario study by Gomes et al. published in CMAJ in 2014¹¹
 - Assessed impact of *Narcotics Safety and Awareness Act* (Nov 2011) and *Narcotics Monitoring System* (May 2012)
 - 'Potentially inappropriate opioid prescriptions'* decreased after enactment of legislation
 - Down 12.5% in 6 months (1.6% in October 2011 to 1.4% in April 2012; p = 0.01)
 - By May 2013, prevalence dropped to 1.0%
- Authors suggest that regulatory interventions can promote appropriate prescribing which may be applied to other jurisdictions and drugs of concern

*Prescription was deemed 'potentially inappropriate' if dispensed within 7 days of earlier prescription and was for at least 30 tablets of drug in the same class as earlier prescription, but from different physician and pharmacy

Fentanyl Patch 4 Patch Initiative¹²

- OACP released resource document outlining suggested prescribing, dispensing, and disposal practices for fentanyl patches
- Voluntary initiative is a "...collaboration between physicians, pharmacists, and patients to promote the safe, effective and responsible use of fentanyl patches"
- Includes tools for implementation other health units are using in their local communities

Fentanyl Patch Return Programs

- Originally developed by the North Bay and Area Drug Strategy
 - Coalition of healthcare providers, law enforcement, emergency service providers, community members
 - North Bay reports success in reducing fentanyl diversion
- Other communities and health units in Ontario have implemented similar strategies
 - Peterborough
 - London-Middlesex
 - Durham
 - Sudbury

Fentanyl Patch Return Programs

- How to prescribe, dispense, and dispose according to 'Patch 4 Patch'...
- Fentanyl information and adaptable patch return tools have been developed for Leeds, Grenville and Lanark
 - Available on: http://www.healthunit.org

Physician's responsibilities

- At patient encounter with physician:
 - Patient education to promote safe use of fentanyl patches
 - Fentanyl treatment agreement (narcotic contract)
 - Signed by both the physician and patient, with copy forwarded to the pharmacy

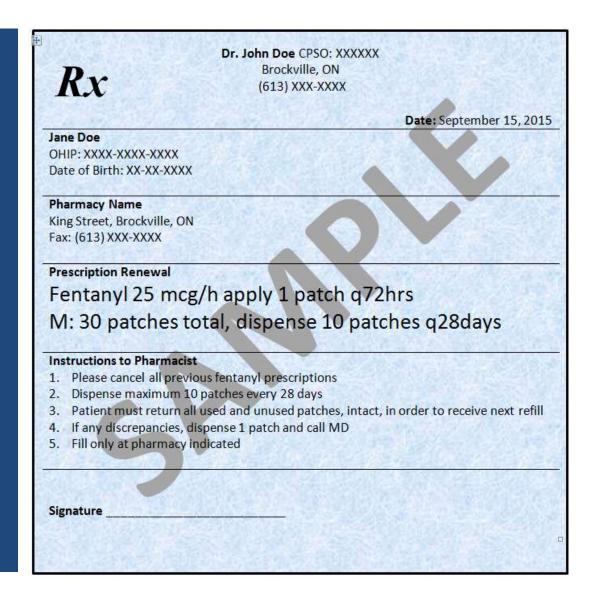
Sample fentanyl treatment agreement

l un	derstand that I am receiving fentanyl patches from Dr	to treat my pain condition.
I agree to the following conditions under which this medication is prescribed:		
1.	I will not seek fentanyl patches or opioid medication from another physician. Only Dr will prescribe fentanyl and other opioids for me.	
2.	I will not take fentanyl patches or opioid medication in larger amounts or more Dr	frequently than is prescribed by
3.	I will not use fentanyl patches in any way other than applied to my skin as directed by Drand my pharmacist.	
4.	I will not give or sell my medication to anyone else, including family members; nor will I accept any opioid medication from anyone else.	
5.	I will not use over-the-counter opioid medications (for example, 222's and Tylenol® No. 1).	
6.	I understand that if my prescription runs out early for any reason (for example, if I lose the medication or take more than prescribed), Dr may not prescribe extra medication for me; I may have to wait until the next prescription is due.	
7.	I understand that to refill my prescription, I will return all of my used and unused fentanyl patches to the pharmacy in order for my new fentanyl patches to be dispensed.	
8.	I understand that the pharmacy may not dispense more than ten fentanyl patches (or one month supply) at a time.	
9.	I will fill my prescriptions at one pharmacy. Pharmacy name:	
10.	I will store my medication in a secured location.	
11.	I understand that if I break these conditions, Dr my opioid prescription.	ay choose to change, taper, or cease

Prescribing fentanyl

- 1. Prescription directs the pharmacist to collect used or unused patches before dispensing a refill
- 2. Recommended that only 10 fentanyl patches be dispensed at a time (1 month supply)
- 3. Contingency plan: Dispense 1 patch if all used patches not returned and consider call to MD
- 4. Pharmacy name is identified on the prescription to fill only at indicated pharmacy
- 5. Pharmacy should be notified in advance/prescription faxed
- Treatment agreement is also forwarded to pharmacy

Sample fentanyl prescription





Pharmacist's responsibilities

- Patient education regarding safe use of fentanyl patches, e.g.
 - Apply only as directed to skin
 - Store all used and unused patches in secure place
- Provide 'Patch Return Sheet and Patient FAQ' and instructions to return all patches to receive next refill
- Ensure all patients are referred to pharmacist to review fentanyl prescription and patch return policy

Fentanyl Patch Return Sheet

Your doctor and pharmacy are participating in a patch return program to promote the safe use and disposal of fentanyl patches. When you get a prescription for a fentanyl patch, you are asked to return ALL used patches on this form (or piece of paper) before you can fill your next prescription.



1 PLACE USED PATCH HERE

PLACE USED PATCH HERE

- 1. Stick your used patches on this sheet in the numbered boxes.
- 2. Store this sheet out of the reach of children/pets in a safe place.
- 3. After applying your last patch, return this whole sheet to the pharmacy to pick up your next supply.

3

PLACE USED PATCH HERE

4

PLACE USED PATCH HERE

5

PLACE USED PATCH HERE

6

PLACE USED PATCH HERE

7

PLACE USED PATCH HERE

8

PLACE USED PATCH HERE

9

PLACE USED PATCH HERE

10

PLACE USED PATCH HERE

Patient Name:

Rx #:

Adapted with permission from RxFiles.ca by the Leeds, Grenville and Lanark District Health Unit Available on our website at: http://www.healthunit.org/professionals

Pharmacist's responsibilities

- Upon patch return by patient:
 - Follow your pharmacy documentation protocol see sample
 "Fentanyl Patch Return Tracking Sheet"
 - Count fentanyl patches returned and inspect for damage or tampering
 - Discuss suspected misuse, patch damage, or tampering with physician
 - Report as per Ontario College of Pharmacist policy
 - If patches are not returned or if any discrepancies, follow contingency plan until used patches are returned and consider contacting physician
 - Suggested contingency plan: Dispense 1 patch at a time
 - Dispose of patches as per pharmacy protocol recommended daily disposal

Pharmacy staff responsibilities

- 1. Ensure all patients are referred to pharmacist to review fentanyl prescription and patch return policy
- 2. When filling fentanyl prescription, include comment "return all used and unused patches to pharmacy to receive next refill" at the end of the direction line
- 3. When filling fentanyl prescription, include "Fentanyl Patch Return Sheet and Patient FAQ"
- 4. Questions regarding fentanyl return policy should be referred to pharmacist
- Dispose of returned patches as per pharmacy protocol recommended daily disposal

Implementation and Perspectives from Ontario Public Health Units

- North Bay was first to implement patch return strategy in 2013, with several other communities following
- Peterborough and Durham have shared many of their 'lessons learned'
 - Difficult to implement unless both physicians and pharmacists work collaboratively
 - Concerns with loss of business and 'policing'

Implementation and Perspectives from Ontario Public Health Units

- Limited evidence thus far for patch return in reducing harm
- Concerns regarding proposed legislation as well as 'professional misconduct'
- Concerns about creating barriers for those in need of opioid therapy
- Limiting access will not reduce addiction, rather lead to other methods and drugs of choice

...All perspectives highlight a shared responsibility